

IX-X ԴԱՍԱՐԱՆՆԵՐ

**I. Read the text and answer the questions.**

Ever since humans have inhabited the earth, they have made use of various forms of communication. Generally, this expression of thoughts and feelings has been in the form of oral speech. When there is a language barrier, communication is accomplished through sign language in which motions stand for letters, words, and ideas. Tourists, the deaf, and the mute have had to resort to this form of expression. Many of these symbols of whole words are very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally; spelling, however, cannot. Body language transmits ideas or thoughts by certain actions, either intentionally or unintentionally. A wink can be a way of flirting or indicating that the party is only joking. A nod signifies approval, while shaking the head indicates a negative reaction. Other forms of nonlinguistic language can be found in Braille (a system of raised dots read with the fingertips), signal flags, Morse code, and smoke signals. Road maps and picture signs also guide, warn, and instruct people.

While verbalization is the most common form of language, other systems and techniques also express human thoughts and feelings.

1. **Which of the following best summarizes this passage?**
  - A. When language is a barrier, people will find other forms of communication.
  - B. Everybody uses only one form of communication.
  - C. Although other forms of communication exist, verbalization is the fastest.
2. **Which of the following statements is not true?**
  - A. There are many forms of communication in existence today.
  - B. Verbalization is the most common form of communication.
  - C. The deaf and mute use an oral form of communication.
3. **Which form other than oral speech would be most commonly used among blind people?**
  - A. picture signs
  - B. Braille
  - C. body language
4. **How many different forms of communication are mentioned here?**
  - A. 5
  - B. 7
  - C. 9
5. **Sign language is said to be very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally except for**
  - A. Spelling
  - B. ideas
  - C. whole words

**II. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase.**

**HOPES AND DREAMS**

Some years ago, my daughter was studying English at a university on the south coast. One evening she phoned to (0) tell me that what she really wanted to do was (1) \_\_\_ round the world, so she was looking (2)\_\_\_ the possibility of working in another country. She had seen several (3) \_\_\_ in the newspaper for student teachers of English abroad, and she was (4) \_\_\_ in one in Italy, which she was desperate to visit. She decided that this would be a good (5) \_\_\_ to achieve her ambition, so she was writing to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ for the job. The reply (7) \_\_\_ a long time to arrive, but eventually she received a letter asking if she (8) \_\_\_ go for an interview in London the following week. She was so excited that she immediately (9) \_\_\_ in touch with the school owner and agreed to attend the interview. She was determined that nothing would prevent her (10) \_\_\_doing what she had set out to do. A (11) \_\_\_ days before the interview she had a very strange dream in which she (12) \_\_\_ birth to a beautiful baby. She was a little nervous and (13) \_\_\_ about the dream and phoned to ask me what I thought it might (14) \_\_\_\_\_. As I knew something about dreams, I was able to assure her that it only symbolized her (15)\_\_\_ to do well in the interview.

- |                  |            |                   |                  |
|------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 0. A. say        | B. talk    | C. tell           | D. speak         |
| 1. A. journey    | B. travel  | C. voyage         | D. trip          |
| 2. A. up         | B. over    | C. into           | D. round         |
| 3. A. notices    | B. posters | C. advertisements | D. announcements |
| 4. A. interested | B. keen    | C. attracted      | D. enthusiastic  |
| 5. A. path       | B. route   | C. manner         | D. way           |
| 6. A. claim      | B. inquire | C. request        | D. apply         |
| 7. A. was        | B. took    | C. spent          | D. passed        |
| 8. A. should     | B. would   | C. must           | D. will          |
| 9. A. got        | B. came    | C. went           | D. became        |
| 10. A. of        | B. from    | C. in             | D. about         |
| 11. A. some      | B. several | C. few            | D. little        |
| 12. A. made      | B. had     | C. gave           | D. produced      |
| 13. A. bored     | B. worried | C. offended       | D. annoyed       |
| 14. A. intend    | B. mean    | C. interpret      | D. realize       |
| 15. A. desire    | B. request | C. want           | D. demand        |

**III. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.**

Dear Peter,

You by any chance (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (to know) where Bob is? I (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (to like) to find out because I just (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (to hear) of a job that exactly (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (to suit) him, but if he (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (not to apply) fairly soon of course he (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (not to get) it.

I last (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (to see) him about a month ago, when he just (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (to leave) his job with the film company. He (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (to say) he (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (to go) to France for a holiday and (11) \_\_\_\_\_ (to promise) to send me a postcard with his French address as soon as he (12) \_\_\_\_\_ (to find) a place to stay. But I (13) \_\_\_\_\_ (to hear) nothing since then and (14) \_\_\_\_\_ (not to know) even whether he (15) \_\_\_\_\_ (to go) to France or not.

If you (16) \_\_\_\_\_ (to know) his address I (17) \_\_\_\_\_ (to be) very grateful if you (18) \_\_\_\_\_ (to phone) me. I (19) \_\_\_\_\_ (to try) to phone you several times but your phone (20) \_\_\_\_\_ (to not seem) to be working.

Yours

Jack

**IV. Think of one word which best fits each space. There is an example at the beginning.**

Society has changed (0) in in many ways (1) \_\_\_\_\_ the introduction of computers, and people's lives at home and at the office have been affected. Most people are working for fewer hours per week than they (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to, and manufacturers and advertising agencies are becoming much (3) \_\_\_\_\_ interested in how people spend this extra leisure time. One recent report stated that, (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the number of hobbies had not increased, each hobby (5) \_\_\_\_\_ become more specialized. A second finding is that nowadays, many managers would (6) \_\_\_\_\_ spend time with their families (7) \_\_\_\_\_ stay late in the office every day. Home life is seen to be just as important (8) \_\_\_\_\_ working. Some companies now (9) \_\_\_\_\_ managers take their annual holidays even if they don't want to, because this leads to (10) \_\_\_\_\_ an improvement in their performance if they have some rest. In (11) \_\_\_\_\_ of these changes, some people are working harder than ever before. The standard of exams is getting higher, and increased competition is (12) \_\_\_\_\_ it harder to get into university than it was 20 years (13) \_\_\_\_\_. School children and students are now having to work (14) \_\_\_\_\_ hard that in many cases they work longer hours (15) \_\_\_\_\_ their parents.

**V. Choose the right option.**

1. You look \_\_\_\_ teacher.  
a) Like b) as c) the same d) the same as
2. What time did you arrive \_\_\_\_ the station?  
a) At b) in c) to d) \_\_\_\_
3. "Lucy took a job working night. \_\_\_\_ is a mystery to me"  
a) Why she did do b) Why she did  
c) Why she did so d) Why did she do
4. "Where are the children"  
"They \_\_\_\_ to the garden"  
a) Have been taking b) have taken c) were took d) have been taken
5. I \_\_\_\_ John since we were at school.  
a) knew b) know c) will know d) have known
6. "What did you think of Frank's new project?" The more we heard about it \_\_\_\_ we got.  
a) more enthusiastic b) the more enthusiastic  
c) most enthusiastic d) the most enthusiastic
7. "How about going to the theatre?" "Ok. But I would rather \_\_\_\_ a concert"  
a) attend b) attending c) to attend d) have attended
8. She had to stay up late yesterday, \_\_\_\_?  
a) had she b) hadn't she c) did she d) didn't she
9. \_\_\_\_ you hand me that pair of scissors?  
a) may b) shall c) will d) should?
10. I hear the neighbors singing. They must \_\_\_\_ a party.  
a) having b) be having c) are having d) being have

**VI. Put each of the following words in its correct place in the passage below.**

fine, bookworm, browse, bibliography, footnotes, reviews, illustrations, borrow, glossary, published.

I love to read. I'm a real (a)\_\_\_\_, and I love to (b)\_\_\_\_ in bookshops, just looking briefly at one book after another. I look at the (c)\_\_\_\_, the photos or drawings. If there are foreign or technical words in the book, I look at the (d)\_\_\_\_ at the back for their meanings (unless they are explained in (e)\_\_\_\_ at the bottom of the pages) and I look at the (f)\_\_\_\_, also at the back, which is a list of other books on the same subject. And I use the library a lot, I (g)\_\_\_\_ 2 or 3 books a week, and I have to pay a (h)\_\_\_\_ if I return them late. Friends often recommend books to me, and I also read book (i)\_\_\_\_ in the newspapers. I don't always agree with them, but anyway they let me know what new books are being (j)\_\_\_\_\_.

**VII. Match the adjective with noun.**

1. creative	a) book
2. graceful	b) studies
3. familiar	c) abilities
4. destructive	d) mind
5. inventive	e) story
6. educational	f) meal
7. occasional	g) gestures
8. historic	h) ideas
9. humorous	i) day
10. windless	j) face
11. constructive	k) English
12. intensive	l) rains
13. delicious	m) cat
14. fluent	n) events
15. careful	o) measures